

# Correlated First-principles Study of the Mott Transition in (Sr, Ca, La, Y)VO<sub>3</sub>

Olivier Gingras and Michel Côté

Département de Physique and Regroupement Québécois sur les Matériaux de Pointe, Université de Montréal

Strongly correlated materials exhibit a wide variety of unusual electronic and magnetic properties such as high-temperature superconductivity, metal-insulator transitions, multiferroicity and many more. Studying and predicting such properties could directly lead to important technological improvements. However first-principles schemes relying on a one-electron picture are incompatible with these many-body effects. Fortunately, the combination of density functional theory (DFT) with dynamical mean-field theory (DMFT) offers the possibility to incorporate the effects of local electronic correlations in a first-principles calculation [1, 2]. In this poster, we present a new functionality of the ABINIT package which enables the user to link an external python script to treat electronic correlations. We used the CTHYB solver from the TRIQS package [3, 4] to study the Mott transition in the Mott-Hubbard series (Sr, Ca, La, Y)VO<sub>3</sub>.

## References

- [1] F. Lechermann, A. Georges, A. Poteryaev, S. Biermann, M. Posternak, A. Yamasaki and O. K. Andersen, *Phys. Rev. B* **74**, 125120 (2006).
- [2] B. Amadon, F. Lechermann, A. Georges, F. Jollet, T. O. Wehling and A. I. Lichtenstein, *Phys. Rev. B* **77**, 205112 (2008).
- [3] Olivier Parcollet, Michel Ferrero, Thomas Ayrat, Hartmut Hafermann, Igor Krivenko, Laura Messio, Priyanka Seth, *Computer Physics Communications* **196**, 398 (2015).
- [4] Priyanka Seth, Igor Krivenko, Michel Ferrero and Olivier Parcollet, *Computer Physics Communications* **200**, 274 (2016).